## AP Chemistry Daily Videos 4.8 Introduction to Acid-Base Reactions

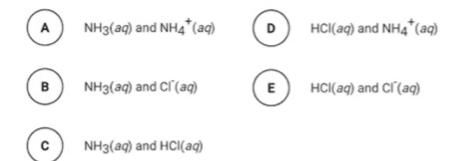
## Daily Video #1

- 1. How do we define a Bronsted-Lowry acid base reaction?
- 2. What is a Bronsted-Lowry acid? What is a Bronsted-Lowry base?
- 3. How can you identify a conjugate acid/base pair?
- 4. What makes water special (amphiprotic)

5. Pause the video at 3:45 and attempt the problem, then evaluate how you did and identify any errors.

 $NH_3(aq) + HCI(aq) \rightleftharpoons NH_4^+(aq) + CI^-(aq)$ 

The Brønsted-Lowry bases in the reaction represented above are



6. Pause the video at 4:58 and attempt the problem, then evaluate how you did and identify any errors.

 $\mathrm{HC_2H_3O_2}(aq) + \mathrm{OH^{-}}(aq) \rightarrow \mathrm{C_2H_3O_2^{-}}(aq) + \mathrm{H_2O}(\mathit{I})$ 

A student performed a titration of  $HC_2H_3O_2(aq)$  with KOH(aq). The net ionic equation for the neutralization reaction that occurs during the titration is shown above.

- a) Identify both of the Bronsted-Lowry conjugate acid-base pairs in the neutralization reaction above. For each pair, label the acid and the base.
- b) In terms of the species in the reaction, explain what occurs during the reaction that identifies it as an acid-base reaction.