

# AP Chemistry Daily Videos

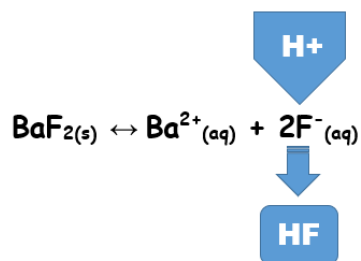
## 7.13 pH and Solubility

### Video #1

1. What is the generic neutralization reaction?
2. What ion should you think about when you are told a solution has been acidified? What ion is associated with a base or alkaline solutions?
3. You know that opposite charges \_\_\_\_\_. When you have a solution with acidic or basic ions in it, meaning the solution has a pH other than 7, watch out, these ions will bond with ions from the salt - essentially reducing their concentration and shifting the reaction.

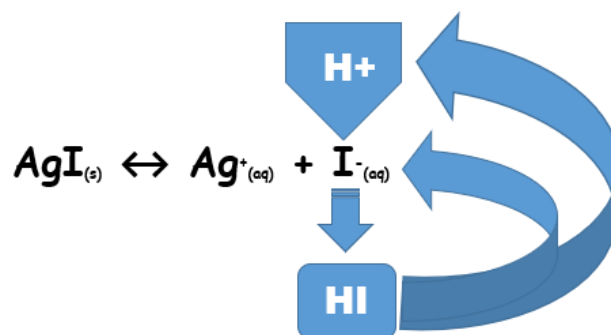
Ex:  $\text{BaF}_{2(s)} \leftrightarrow \text{Ba}^{2+}_{(aq)} + 2\text{F}^{-}_{(aq)}$  Predict what will happen in an acidic solution?

Check: The concentration of fluoride ion decreases, shifting the reaction in the forward direction, increasing solubility. Fluoride ion decreases because it bonds with  $\text{H}^+$  ions, forming a weak acid. Evaluate your prediction.



4. Ex:  $\text{AgI}_{(s)} \leftrightarrow \text{Ag}^{+}_{(aq)} + \text{I}^{-}_{(aq)}$  Predict what will happen in an acidic solution?

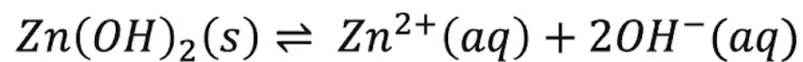
Check: Evaluate your prediction.



However, HI is a strong acid, meaning it dissociates back into ions, having no effect on concentrations and therefore no impact on the solubility of AgI.

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5. Evaluate your answer to the following question.



Will the mass of zinc hydroxide increase or decrease if a small amount of soluble potassium hydroxide is added to a saturated solution? Justify your answer using the reaction quotient, Q.